

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2000

OR
 TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 000-25927

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
(Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter)

MICHIGAN
(State of other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

38-3391345
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

51 E. Main Street, Zeeland, Michigan 49464
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (616) 748-9491

Check whether the issuer: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No _____

The number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 3,588,565 shares of the Company's Common Stock (no par value) were outstanding as of May 10, 2000.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes _____ No
INDEX

Page
Number(s)

Part I. Financial Information (unaudited):

Item 1.	
Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	3
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2.	
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12
Item 3.	
Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	15

Part II. Other Information

Item 1.	
Legal Proceedings	16
Item 2.	
Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds	16
Item 3.	
Defaults Upon Senior Securities	16
Item 4.	
Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	16
Item 5.	
Other Information	16

Signatures

17

Part I Financial Information

2

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
As of March 31, 2000 (unaudited) and December 31, 1999

<TABLE>	March 31,	December
31,	2000	1999
---	-----	-----
<S>	(Unaudited)	<C>
ASSETS	<C>	<C>
Cash and due from banks	\$ 23,344,536	\$ 20,554,039
Federal funds sold	1,500,000	-
-	-----	-----
--		
Cash and cash equivalents	24,844,536	20,554,039
Securities available for sale, at fair value	29,581,543	28,281,375
Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	2,312,000	2,312,000
Total loans	325,952,756	
285,374,451		
Allowance for loan losses	(4,482,165)	
(3,995,165)	-----	-----
--		
281,379,286	321,470,591	
Premises and equipment - net	11,666,705	9,997,566
Accrued interest receivable	2,097,691	1,904,126
Other assets	736,185	
492,743	-----	-----
--		
Total Assets	\$392,709,251	
\$344,921,135	=====	
=====		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 36,191,301	
\$34,542,493		
Interest-bearing	285,393,853	
244,847,389	-----	-----
--		
Total	321,585,154	
279,389,882		
Federal Home Loan Bank Borrowings	35,000,000	30,000,000
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,122,006	1,005,100
--	-----	-----
Total liabilities	357,707,160	
310,394,982		
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, no par value, 500,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, no par value, 9,500,000 shares authorized; 3,588,565 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999.	36,882,916	
36,822,916		
Retained deficit	(1,434,197)	
(1,960,810)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(446,628)	
(395,953)	-----	-----

--	Total shareholders' equity	35,002,091	34,526,153
--		-----	-----
	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$392,709,251	\$344,921,135
		=====	

</TABLE>

 See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

3

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
 Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999
 (unaudited)

Months	Three Months ended March 31, 2000	Three ended March 31,
	(Unaudited)	
	<C>	<C>
1999		

(Unaudited)		
<S>		
Interest Income		
Loans, including fees	\$6,610,646	\$3,278,369
Investments	495,285	356,783
	-----	-----
Total interest income	7,105,931	3,635,152
Interest expense		
Deposits	3,056,181	1,749,202
Other	512,525	2,485
	-----	-----
Total interest expense	3,568,706	1,751,687
Net interest income	3,537,225	1,883,465
Provision for loan losses	(487,000)	(450,000)
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	3,050,225	1,433,465
Noninterest income		
Service charges on deposit accounts	200,959	89,514
Gain (loss) on sale of loans	39,321	255,988
Trust revenue	113,366	--
Other	52,004	43,643
	-----	-----
Total noninterest income	405,650	389,145
Noninterest expense		
Salaries and benefits	1,648,019	1,101,157
Occupancy expense of premises	255,264	158,390
Furniture and equipment expense	262,996	138,957
Legal and professional fees	51,044	32,865
Advertising	69,753	40,424
Data Processing	73,807	42,386
Shareholder Services	18,174	6,380
Supplies	104,157	67,671
Other expense	446,048	311,490
	-----	-----
Total noninterest expenses	2,929,262	1,899,720
Income/(Loss) before federal income tax	526,613	(77,110)
Federal income tax	0	0
	---	--
Net income/(loss) (77,110)	\$ 526,613	\$
	=====	=====
Basic and diluted income/(loss) per share	.15	(.03)
Average shares outstanding	3,558,565	2,435,125

</TABLE>

 See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

4

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999
 (unaudited)

<TABLE> Months	Three Months ended March 31, 2000	Three ended March 31,
1999		
-----	-----	-----
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
<S>	<C>	<C>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net Income	\$ 526,613	\$
(77,110)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	249,464	
137,209		
Provision for loan losses	487,000	
450,000		
Net change in		
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	(437,007)	
(75,524)		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	143,011	
143,520		
---	-----	-----
Net cash from operating activities	969,081	
578,095		
Purchase of Cash flows from investing activities		
Net increase in loans	(40,578,305)	
(39,238,031)		
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	--	
(1,216,900)		
Purchases of securities available for sale	(1,371,656)	
(4,000,000)		
Proceeds from maturities and calls of securities available for sale	--	
15,000,000		
Purchases of premises and equipment	(1,923,895)	
(703,479)		
---	-----	-----
Net cash from investing activities	(43,873,856)	
(30,158,410)		
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net increase in deposits	42,195,272	
23,234,652		
Net increase (decrease) in short term borrowings	--	
(2,000,000)		
Advances of Federal Home Loan Bank Borrowings	25,000,000	
10,000,000		
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank Borrowings	(20,000,000)	-
-		
---	-----	-----
Net cash from financing activities	47,195,272	
31,234,652		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	4,290,497	
1,654,337		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	20,554,039	
17,953,177		
---	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$24,844,536	
\$19,607,514		
=====	=====	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 2,844,098	\$
1,775,073		
</TABLE>		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

5

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
 Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999
 (unaudited)

<TABLE>

	Common Stock -----	Retained Deficit -----	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income -----	Total Shareholders' Equity -----
--				
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance, December 31, 1998	\$22,260,646	\$ (2,654,076)	\$ 4,818	\$ 19,611,388
Net loss for three months ended March 31, 1999 (unaudited) (77,110)		(77,110)		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax: Unrealized gains/losses on securities (53,448)			(53,448)	
--				-----
Other comprehensive income (53,448)				
--				-----
Comprehensive loss (130,558)				
--	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, March 31, 1999	\$22,260,646 =====	\$ (2,731,186) =====	\$ (48,630) =====	\$ 19,480,830 =====
	Common Stock -----	Retained Deficit -----	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income -----	Total Shareholders' Equity -----
Balance, December 31, 1999	\$ 36,882,916	\$ (1,960,810)	\$ (395,953)	34,526,153
Net income for three months ended March 31, 2000 (unaudited)		526,613		526,613
Other comprehensive income, net of tax: Unrealized gains/losses on securities (50,675)			(50,675)	
--				-----
Other comprehensive income (50,675)			(50,675)	
--				-----
Comprehensive income 475,938				
--	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, March 31, 2000	\$ 36,882,916 =====	\$ (1,434,197) =====	\$ (446,628) =====	\$ 35,002,091 =====

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

6

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999
 (unaudited)

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three month period ended March 31, 2000, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2000. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Proxy Statement dated March 20, 2000, containing financial statements for the year ended December 31, 1999.

NOTE 2 COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share is based on net income (loss) divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

NOTE 3 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Macatawa Bank Corporation (the "Company"), and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Macatawa Bank (the "Bank"). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

7

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999
(unaudited)

NOTE 4 - SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair values of securities were as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Values
	-----	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Available for Sale				
March 31, 2000 (Unaudited)				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government corporation and agencies	\$28,928,489	\$ 590	\$ (675,389)	\$28,253,690
Tax Exempt Municipal Bonds	1,329,763	3,127	(5,037)	1,327,853
	-----	-----	-----	-----
-				
Total Securities	\$30,258,252	\$ 3,717	\$ (680,426)	\$29,581,543
	=====	=====	=====	=====
December 31, 1999				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government corporations and agencies	\$27,925,926		\$ (589,036)	\$27,336,890
State and municipal bonds	955,377	\$ 852	(11,744)	944,485
	-----	-----	-----	-----
-				
	\$28,881,303	\$ 852	\$ (600,780)	\$28,281,375
	=====	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

Contractual maturities of debt securities at March 31, 2000, were as follows. No held-to-maturity securities existed at March 31, 2000. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

<TABLE>

	Available-for-Sale Securities	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Values
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Due from one to five	\$19,984,497	\$19,597,490
Due from five to ten	8,943,992	8,656,200
Due after ten years	1,329,763	1,327,853

Total	\$30,258,252	\$29,581,543
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

(Continued)

8

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999
(unaudited)

NOTE 5 - LOANS

Loans are as follows:

	March 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
	----- (Unaudited)	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Commercial	\$231,615,620	\$201,391,721
Mortgage	49,494,376	44,734,529
Consumer	44,842,760	39,248,201
	-----	-----
	325,952,756	285,374,451
Allowance for loan losses	(4,482,165)	(3,995,165)
	-----	-----
	\$321,470,591	\$ 281,379,286
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

Activity in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2000	Three months ended March 31, 1999
	----- (Unaudited)	----- (Unaudited)
<S>	<C>	<C>
Balance at beginning of period	\$3,995,165	\$2,030,000
Provision charged to operating expense	487,000	450,000
	-----	-----
Balance at end of period	\$4,482,165	\$2,480,000
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

(Continued)

9

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2000 and March 31, 1999
(unaudited)

NOTE 6 - PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT - NET

Premises and equipment are as follows:

	March 31 2000	December 31 1999
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Land	\$ 1,869,218	\$1,574,218
Building and improvements	6,053,369	4,915,252
Furniture and equipment	5,007,252	4,516,473
	-----	-----
	12,929,839	11,005,943
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,263,134)	(1,008,377)
	-----	-----
	\$11,666,705	\$9,997,566
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

NOTE 7 - DEPOSITS

Deposits are summarized as follows:

<TABLE>

	March 31 2000 ----	December 31 1999 ----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Noninterest-bearing demand deposit accounts	\$ 36,191,301	\$ 34,542,493
Money market account	110,101,540	100,642,349
NOW and Super NOW accounts	42,393,162	43,237,004
Savings accounts	8,837,950	7,411,691
Certificates of deposit	124,061,201	93,556,345
	-----	-----
	\$321,585,154	\$279,389,882
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

NOTE 8 - FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BORROWINGS

The Bank was approved in the first quarter of 1999 to be a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis. As a result, the Bank now has availability to Federal Home Loan Bank advances as an additional funding resource. Maturity dates and interest rates on these advances are as follows:

<TABLE>

Maturity Date -----	Interest Rate -----	March 31 2000 ----	December 31 1999 ----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
March 27, 2000	5.44% (initial rate)	0	\$5,000,000
June 19, 2000	5.65% (initial rate)	0	5,000,000
June 26, 2000	3.85% (initial rate)	0	5,000,000
April 1, 2002	5.63% (fixed)	3,000,000	3,000,000
March 31, 2003	5.77% (fixed)	3,000,000	3,000,000
March 30, 2004	5.84% (fixed)	4,000,000	4,000,000
Sept. 1, 2009	5.80% (fixed)	5,000,000	5,000,000
January 7, 2005	6.68% (fixed)	5,000,000	0
January 7, 2005	6.465% (fixed)	5,000,000	0
March 23, 2010	5.99% (fixed)	10,000,000	0
		-----	-----
		\$35,000,000	\$30,000,000
		=====	=====

</TABLE>

Each advance is payable in full at its respective maturity date. These advances were required to be collateralized by at least \$56,000,000 of the Bank's first mortgage loans under a blanket loan arrangement at March 31, 2000.

10

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2000 (unaudited) and December 31, 1999

NOTE 9 - REGULATORY MATTERS

The Company and the Bank are subject to regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Capital adequacy guidelines and prompt corrective action regulations involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators about components, risk weighting, and other factors, and the regulators can lower classifications in certain cases. Failure to meet various capital requirements can initiate regulatory action that could have a direct material effect on the financial statements.

The prompt corrective action regulations provide five classifications, including well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized, and critically undercapitalized, although these terms are not used to represent overall financial condition. If only adequately capitalized, regulatory approval is required to accept brokered deposits. If undercapitalized, capital distributions are limited, as is asset growth and expansion, and plans for capital restorations required.

At March 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999, actual capital levels (in thousands) and minimum required levels for the Company and the Bank were:

<TABLE>

Well Capitalized Under Corrective Regulations	Actual	Minimum Required For Capital Adequacy Purposes	To Be Prompt Action
--	--------	--	---------------------------

	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount
March 31, 2000					
Ratio					
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<C>					
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)					
Consolidated	\$39,931	12.2%	\$26,100	8.0%	\$32,626
10.0%					
Bank	38,066	12.2	26,097	8.0	32,622
10.0					
Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)					
Consolidated	35,449	10.9	13,050	4.0	19,575
6.0					
Bank	33,584	10.9	13,049	4.0	19,573
6.0					
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)					
Consolidated	35,449	9.8	14,452	4.0	18,065
5.0					
Bank	33,584	9.4	14,451	4.0	18,064
5.0					
December 31, 1999					
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)					
Consolidated	\$38,358	14.0%	\$21,989	8.0%	\$27,489
10.0%					
Bank	33,463	12.2	21,992	8.0	27,491
10.0					
Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)					
Consolidated	34,922	12.7	10,994	4.0	16,491
6.0					
Bank	30,027	10.9	10,996	4.0	16,494
6.0					
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)					
Consolidated	34,922	10.8	12,940	4.0	16,175
5.0					
Bank	30,027	9.4	12,811	4.0	16,014
5.0					

</TABLE>

The Company and the Bank were categorized as well capitalized at March 31, 2000 and at year-end 1999.

11

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Macatawa Bank Corporation (the "Company") is a Michigan corporation and is the bank holding company for Macatawa Bank (the "Bank"). The Bank commenced operations on November 25, 1997. The Bank is a Michigan chartered bank with depository accounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Bank provides a full range of commercial and consumer banking services, primarily in the communities of Holland and Zeeland, Michigan, as well as the surrounding market area primarily located in Ottawa County, Michigan.

The Company has experienced rapid and substantial growth since opening in November 1997. At March 31, 2000, the Bank had thirteen branch banking offices and two service facilities. The Company completed an underwritten initial public offering of common stock on April 7, 1998, resulting in net proceeds of \$14.1 million. In June 1999, the Company completed an offering of common stock to its shareholders resulting in net proceeds of \$14.6 million.

The Bank established a Trust Department in the fourth quarter of 1998 to further provide for customers' financial needs. The Trust Department began business on January 3, 1999 and as of March 31, 2000, had assets of approximately \$208 million.

Financial Condition

Total assets of the Company increased by \$47,788,116 to \$392,709,251 at March 31, 2000 from \$344,921,135 at December 31, 1999. The increase in assets is primarily attributable to the Bank continuing to attract customer deposits and then lending and otherwise investing these funds. The number of deposit accounts increased from approximately 27,000 at December 31, 1999, to approximately 30,000 deposit accounts at March 31, 2000. Management attributes the strong growth in deposits to quality customer service, the desire of customers to deal with a local bank, and convenient accessibility through the expansion of branches.

Cash and cash equivalents, which include federal funds sold and short-term investments, increased \$4,290,497 to \$24,844,536 at March 31, 2000, from \$20,554,039 at December 31, 1999. The increase is due to an increase in deposits on the last day of the quarter. These funds will be used as a means to fund

future loan growth.

Securities available for sale increased \$1,300,168 to \$29,581,543 at March 31, 2000 from \$28,281,375 at December 31, 1999. The increase is the result of purchasing additional securities as a means of strengthening the Bank's liquidity ratio.

Total loans increased \$40,578,305 to \$325,952,756 at March 31, 2000 from \$285,374,451 to December 31, 1999, or 11.7%. Commercial loans increased \$30,223,899 from \$201,391,721 at December 31, 1999 to \$231,615,620 at March 31, 2000, an increase of 15%. Commercial loans account for approximately 71% of the Bank's total loan portfolio.

The allowance for loan losses as of March 31, 2000 was \$4,482,165 representing approximately 1.38% of gross loans outstanding, compared to \$3,995,165 at December 31, 1999. The Bank has not experienced any material credit losses as of March 31, 2000.

Bank premises and equipment increased to \$11,666,705 at March 31, 2000 from \$9,997,566 at December 31, 1999. The increase resulted primarily from the purchase of a branch facility operated by the Bank and located at 699 E. 16th Street in Holland. The Bank previously leased this facility.

Deposits increased to \$321,585,154 at March 31, 2000, from \$279,389,882 at December 31, 1999. This was primarily as a result of deposits being obtained from new customers of the Bank. Noninterest bearing demand deposit accounts increased by \$1,648,808 to \$36,191,301 at March 31, 2000 from \$34,542,493 at December 31, 1999. These accounts are comprised primarily of business checking accounts and represented approximately 10% of total deposits at March 31, 2000.

Results of Operations

Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2000, was \$526,613, an increase of \$603,723 over

12

the same period last year. The primary reason for the increase in income is due to the continued growth of the Company resulting in an increase of net interest income. Net interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2000 was \$3,537,225 and \$1,883,465 for the quarter ended March 31, 1999. Interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2000 was \$7,105,931, related to interest income on securities, loans and interest earning deposits. Interest expense was \$3,568,706 for the quarter ended 2000, related to interest incurred on interest bearing deposits, fed funds purchased and Federal Home Loan Bank advances.

The Company had an allowance for loan losses of approximately 1.38% of total loans at March 31, 2000. The provision for loan losses for the quarter ended March 31, 2000 was \$487,000. This amount was provided as a result of the increase in the total loan portfolio. Management considers it prudent during the first years of operations to provide for loan losses at a level which is consistent with levels maintained by banks with similar loan portfolios. Management will continue to monitor its loan loss performance and adjust its loan loss reserve to more closely align itself to its own history of loss experience.

Non-interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2000 was \$405,650, an increase of \$16,505 over the same period last year. Gains on sales of loans decreased by \$216,667 to \$39,321 at March 31, 2000, from \$255,988 at March 31, 1999. The decrease can be attributed primarily to a decline in refinancing of residential mortgages as a result of recent market rate increases. Another component of non-interest income is service charges on deposit accounts which increased by \$111,445 to \$200,959 at March 31, 2000 from \$89,514 at March 31, 1999. This is the result of an increase in the number of deposit accounts to approximately 30,000 at March 31, 2000 from approximately 17,000 at March 31, 1999. Trust revenues also contributed to non-interest income. The Trust Department began business on January 3, 1999. Trust revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 2000 were \$113,366 compared to no revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 1999. Trust revenues continue to improve each quarter, commensurate with the growth of trust assets.

Non-interest expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2000 was \$2,929,262, compared to \$1,899,728 at March 31, 1999, an increase of \$1,029,534. The increase in the main components of non-interest expense can be attributed primarily to the growth of the Bank and building the infrastructure for future growth. The main components of non-interest expense were primarily salaries and benefits which totaled \$1,648,019, an increase of \$546,862 over March 31, 1999 of \$1,101,157. Other significant components of non-interest expense consisted of occupancy and equipment expenses, supplies, data processing advertising and legal and accounting fees. These components, in aggregate, totaled to \$817,021 at March 31, 2000, an increase of \$336,328 from \$480,693 at March 31, 1999.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company obtained its initial equity capital as a result of a private placement on behalf of the Bank to investors in November, 1997. The Company

raised additional equity capital of \$14.1 million in its initial public offering completed in April, 1998. As a condition to regulatory approval of the Bank's formation, the Bank is required to maintain capitalization sufficient to provide a ratio of Tier 1 Capital to total assets of at least 8% through the end of the third year of operations. The Bank will complete its third year of operations on November 25, 2000. At March 31, 1999, the Bank's Tier 1 Capital as a percent of total assets was 8.43%. Due to the rapid growth of the Bank, additional equity capital was required. In June 1999, the Company raised \$14.6 million of equity capital net proceeds in an offering made to the Company's shareholders. The Company contributed \$10 million from the proceeds of this offering to the Bank's capital. Due to continued growth of the Bank, an additional \$3 million was contributed to the Bank from the Company's cash reserves of approximately \$5 million. At March 31, 2000, the Bank's Tier 1 Capital as a percent of total assets was 8.44%.

The Company's sources of liquidity include loan payments by borrowers, maturity and sales of securities available for sale, growth of deposits and deposit equivalents, federal funds sold, borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank, and the issuance of common stock. Liquidity management involves the ability to meet the cash flow requirements of the Company's customers. These customers may be either borrowers with credit needs or depositors wanting to withdraw funds.

13

Year 2000 Compliance -

Because many computerized systems use only two digits to record the year in date fields (for example, the year 1998 is recorded as 98), such systems may not be able to accurately process dates ending in the year 2000 and after. The effects of the issue will vary from system to system and may adversely affect the ability of a financial institution's operations as well as its ability to prepare financial statements. The Company and the Bank were organized in 1997 and the Company acquired its computer equipment within the past eighteen months and has contracted with a leading supplier of information processing services. This equipment and these services were purchased with manufacturer assurances of Year 2000 compliance.

The Company has not experienced any Year 2000 problems. Although considered unlikely, unanticipated problems, including problems associated with non-compliant third parties, could still occur. The Company will continue to manage its business and address any issues that may arise.

Forward Looking Statements

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Company intends such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Reform Act of 1995, and is including this statement for purposes of these safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations of the Company, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "may" or similar expressions. The presentation and discussion of the provision and allowance for loan losses, statements concerning future profitability or future growth or increases, and the Year 2000 readiness discussion are examples of inherently forward looking statements in that they involve judgements and statements of belief as to the outcome of future events. The Company's ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects of the Company and the Bank include, but are not limited to, changes in: interest rates, general economic conditions, legislative/regulatory changes, monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board, the quality or composition of the loan or investment portfolios, demand for loan products, deposit flows, competition, demand for financial services in the Company's market area and accounting principles, policies and guidelines. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Further information concerning the Company and its business, including additional factors that could materially affect the Company's financial results, is included in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

14

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES
ABOUT MARKET RISK

Asset Liability Management and Market Risk Analysis

Asset liability management aids the Company in maintaining liquidity while maintaining a balance between interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities. Management of interest rate sensitivity attempts to avoid widely varying net interest margins and to achieve consistent net interest income through periods of changing interest rates. Certain savings accounts and

interest bearing checking accounts are shown as repricing other than contractually due to the stability of these products in a rate changing environment. Management monitors the Company's exposure to interest rate changes using a GAP analysis. The following table illustrates the Company's GAP position at various intervals (in thousands) at March 31, 2000.

<TABLE>

	Less than 3 Months	3 - 12 Months	1 - 5 Years	Over 5 Years
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<C>				
Assets:				
Loans-Fixed	15,888	26,880	117,114	26,223
186,105				
Loans-VARIABLE	119,885	323	17,159	2,479
139,846				
Taxable Securities	-	-	28,254	-
28,254				
Tax-Exempt Securities	-	-	-	1,328
1,328				
Other Securities	-	-	-	2,312
2,312				
Federal Funds Sold	1,500	-	-	-
1,500				
Loan Loss Reserve	-	-	-	-
(4,482)				
Cash & Due From Banks	-	-	-	-
23,345				
Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-
11,667				
Other Assets	-	-	-	-
2,834				

TOTAL	137,273	27,203	162,527	32,342
392,709				
Liabilities:				
CD's 100M and Over	35,065	25,887	11,601	-
72,553				
CD's-Less than 100M	7,061	19,514	19,033	-
45,608				
Repo's & Borrowed Money	-	-	20,000	15,000
35,000				
Savings & IRA's	2,495	1,736	10,344	788
15,363				
NOW & MMDA's	78,930	-	72,940	-
151,870				
Non-Interest Bearing Deposits	-	-	-	-
36,191				
Other Liabilities & Equity	-	-	-	-
36,124				

	123,551	47,137	133,918	15,788
392,709				
TOTAL				
Period Gap:	13,722	(19,934)	28,609	16,554
Cumulative Gap:	13,722	(6,212)	22,397	38,951
Cumulative Gap/Total Assets	3.49%	-1.58%	5.70%	9.92%
RSA/RSL	1.11	0.58	1.21	2.05
Cumulative RSA/RSL	1.11	0.96	1.07	1.12

Based on this analysis, Management does not believe the Company would be materially impacted by changes in interest rates.

15

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a) Exhibits -

27 Financial Data Schedule
(EDGAR version only)

(b) Reports on Form 8-K - None.

16

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2000, to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION

/s/ Benj. A. Smith, III
Benj. A. Smith, III
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Philip J. Koning
Philip J. Koning
Treasurer and Secretary
(Principal Accounting Officer)

DATE: May 12, 2000

17

<TABLE> <S> <C>

<ARTICLE>

9

<LEGEND>

This schedule contains summary financial information from SEC Form 10-Q and is qualified in its entirety by reference to such financial information.

</LEGEND>

<S>	<C>
<PERIOD-TYPE>	3-MOS
<FISCAL-YEAR-END>	DEC-31-2000
<PERIOD-START>	JAN-01-2000
<PERIOD-END>	MAR-31-2000
<CASH>	23,224,518
<INT-BEARING-DEPOSITS>	120,018
<FED-FUNDS-SOLD>	1,500,000
<TRADING-ASSETS>	0
<INVESTMENTS-HELD-FOR-SALE>	31,893,543
<INVESTMENTS-CARRYING>	0
<INVESTMENTS-MARKET>	0
<LOANS>	325,952,756
<ALLOWANCE>	4,482,165
<TOTAL-ASSETS>	392,709,251
<DEPOSITS>	321,585,154
<SHORT-TERM>	0
<LIABILITIES-OTHER>	1,122,006
<LONG-TERM>	35,000,000
<PREFERRED-MANDATORY>	0
<PREFERRED>	0
<COMMON>	36,882,916
<OTHER-SE>	(1,880,825)
<TOTAL-LIABILITIES-AND-EQUITY>	392,709,251
<INTEREST-LOAN>	6,610,646
<INTEREST-INVEST>	495,285
<INTEREST-OTHER>	0
<INTEREST-TOTAL>	7,105,931
<INTEREST-DEPOSIT>	3,056,181
<INTEREST-EXPENSE>	3,568,706
<INTEREST-INCOME-NET>	3,537,225
<LOAN-LOSSES>	487,000
<SECURITIES-GAINS>	0
<EXPENSE-OTHER>	2,929,262
<INCOME-PRETAX>	526,613
<INCOME-PRE-EXTRAORDINARY>	526,613
<EXTRAORDINARY>	0
<CHANGES>	0
<NET-INCOME>	526,613
<EPS-BASIC>	.15
<EPS-DILUTED>	.15
<YIELD-ACTUAL>	3.94
<LOANS-NON>	115,348
<LOANS-PAST>	14,748
<LOANS-TROUBLED>	0
<LOANS-PROBLEM>	0
<ALLOWANCE-OPEN>	3,995,165
<CHARGE-OFFS>	0
<RECOVERIES>	0
<ALLOWANCE-CLOSE>	4,482,165
<ALLOWANCE-DOMESTIC>	4,482,165
<ALLOWANCE-FOREIGN>	0
<ALLOWANCE-UNALLOCATED>	0

</TABLE>